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CORRECTION TO MY PAPER ON INTEGRAL NORMAL BASES OVER INTERMEDIARY FIELDS*)

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As pointed out by E. J. Gómez Ayala, Proposition 2 of the paper is not correct. Since the conclusion of Proposition 2 is not true it can not be said that Theorem 1 holds in both directions. It should read:

Theorem 1. *Let M, L, K be algebraic number fields such that $M \supset L \supset K$ and all extensions are Galois. If there exists an element α which generates an integral normal basis for both M/K and M/L then there exists a unit $\gamma \in Z_L$ which generates an integral normal basis for L/K.*

Nevertheless, the original Theorem 1 remains true for special cases, for example:

Theorem. *Let K_i/Q $(i = 1, 2)$ be Galois extensions of degrees n_1, n_2 with relatively prime discriminants $d(K_1)$, $d(K_2)$, and let $L/Q = K_1K_2/Q$ be their composite. Let there exist an integral normal basis for L/Q. Then there exists an element α which generates an integral normal basis for both L/Q and L/K_1 if and only if there exists a unit which generates an integral normal basis for K_1/Q.*

*) Czechoslovak Math. J. *39, 114*, 1989, 622–626