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Hopf algebra structure $H^{\sigma-R}$ with two sided invertible 2-cocycle

WANG SHUANHONG, WANG DINGGUO

Abstract. In this paper, we study the $H^{\sigma-R}$ type Hopf algebras and present its braided and quasitriangular Hopf algebra structure. This generalizes well-known results on H^{σ} and H^R type Hopf algebras. Finally, the classification of $H^{\sigma-R}$ type Hopf algebras is given.

Keywords: Hopf algebra, 2-cocycle, braided Hopf algebra

Classification: 16W30

The cocycle deformation H^{σ} of a bialgebra H was introduced and the Hopf algebra structure and the braided bialgebra structure of H^{σ} were given by Doi [1]. Doi and Takeuchi [2] showed that the Drinfeld double $D(H)$ for a finite-dimensional Hopf algebra H is a cocycle deformation of $(H^*)^{cop} \otimes H$. This suggests that cocycle deformations will play an important role in quantum group theory. The bialgebra H^{σ} has the same underlying coalgebra H , so that they have the same corepresentation theory. In fact, these are well known classes of 2-cocycles which appear as the duals of the Reshetikhin-type twists H^R ([8]) which originate from particular solutions of the QYBE. The Reshetikhin-type twist H^R also plays an important role in quantum group theory. The bialgebra H^R has the same underlying algebra H , so that they have the same representation theory. In this paper we consider the mixed type twist $H^{\sigma-R}$ and give Hopf algebra structure of $H^{\sigma-R}$, and its braided and quasitriangular Hopf algebra structure are also established. This generalizes well-known results on H^{σ} type Hopf algebras and H^R type Hopf algebras. Finally, the classification of $H^{\sigma-R}$ type Hopf algebras is given.

Throughout this paper, we refer to [3] and [5] for full details on Hopf algebras, and in particular we use the sigma notation: $\Delta(h) = \sum h_1 \otimes h_2$.

Let H be a σ -Hopf algebra, that is, there is a bilinear map $\sigma : H \times H \longrightarrow k$ such that for all $x, y, z \in H$ we have

$$(1) \quad \sum \sigma(x_1, y_1) \sigma(x_2 y_2, z) = \sum \sigma(y_1, z_1) \sigma(x, y_2 z_2),$$

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$$(2) \quad \sigma(x, 1) = \sigma(1, x) = \varepsilon(x)1.$$

If σ is invertible, its inverse is denoted by $\sigma^{-1} : H \times H \longrightarrow k$, then by [1, Theorem 1.6(a)], we have that for all $x, y, z \in H$

$$(3) \quad \sum \sigma^{-1}(x_1 y_1, z) \sigma^{-1}(x_2, y_2) = \sum \sigma^{-1}(x, y_1 z_1) \sigma^{-1}(y_2, z_2),$$

$$(4) \quad \sigma^{-1}(x, 1) = \sigma^{-1}(1, x) = \varepsilon(x)1.$$

By [1, Theorem 1.6(b)], H has a new algebra structure:

$$(A) \quad h \odot l = \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1) h_2 l_2 \sigma^{-1}(h_3, l_3) \quad \text{for all } h, l \in H$$

and $(H, \odot, \Delta_H)$ is a Hopf algebra.

Dually, let H be a R -Hopf algebra, that is, there is an element $R = \sum R^{(1)} \otimes R^{(2)} \in H \otimes H$ which satisfies the following conditions ($r = R$):

$$(1') \quad \sum R^{(1)} r^{(1)}_1 \otimes R^{(2)} r^{(1)}_2 \otimes r^{(2)} = \sum r^{(1)} \otimes R^{(1)} r^{(2)}_1 \otimes R^{(2)} r^{(2)}_2,$$

$$(2') \quad \sum \varepsilon(R^{(1)}) R^{(2)} = \sum R^{(1)} \varepsilon(R^{(2)}) = 1.$$

If R is invertible with inverse $U = \sum U^{(1)} \otimes U^{(2)} \in H \otimes H$, we have by [8]: $U = u$

$$(3') \quad \sum U^{(1)} \otimes U^{(2)}_1 u^{(1)} \otimes U^{(2)}_2 u^{(2)} = \sum U^{(1)}_1 u^{(1)} \otimes U^{(1)}_2 u^{(2)} \otimes U^{(2)},$$

$$(4') \quad \sum \varepsilon(U^{(1)}) U^{(2)} = \sum U^{(1)} \varepsilon(U^{(2)}) = 1.$$

By [3], H has a new comultiplication:

$$(B) \quad \widetilde{\Delta}(h) = \sum R^{(1)} h_1 U^{(1)} \otimes R^{(2)} h_2 U^{(2)} \quad \text{for all } h \in H$$

and $(H, m_H, \widetilde{\Delta})$ is a Hopf algebra.

Remark. Condition (1') was first obtained by setting $C = k$ in the crossed co-product $C \times_{\sigma} H$ (see [7]), then we found that condition (1') is dual to condition (1).

1. Hopf algebra structure of type $H^{\sigma-R}$

In this section, we assume that H is σ -Hopf and R -Hopf algebra. When σ and R are compatible, we prove that $(H, \odot, \tilde{\Delta})$ is a Hopf algebra, and denote it by $H^{\sigma-R}$. In the following we always assume that σ has convolution inverse and R has inverse $U = \sum U^{(1)} \otimes U^{(2)} \in H \otimes H$.

Definition 1.1. Let H be a σ -Hopf and R -Hopf algebra. H will be called a $\sigma - R$ compatible Hopf algebra, if σ and R satisfy the following conditions:

$$R = \tilde{R} = r = \tilde{r}, h, l \in H$$

- (i) $\sum \sigma(R^{(1)}hr^{(1)}, \tilde{R}^{(1)}l\tilde{r}^{(1)})R^{(2)} \otimes r^{(2)} \otimes \tilde{R}^{(2)} \otimes \tilde{r}^{(2)} = \sigma(h, l)(1 \otimes 1 \otimes 1 \otimes 1);$
- (ii) $\sum \sigma(R^{(2)}hr^{(2)}, \tilde{R}^{(2)}l\tilde{r}^{(2)})R^{(1)} \otimes r^{(1)} \otimes \tilde{R}^{(1)} \otimes \tilde{r}^{(1)} = \sigma(h, l)(1 \otimes 1 \otimes 1 \otimes 1);$
- (iii) $\sum \sigma(h, R^{(1)}_2)R^{(1)}_1 \otimes R^{(2)} = \sum \sigma(R^{(1)}_2, h)R^{(1)}_1 \otimes R^{(2)} = \sum (R^{(1)} \otimes R^{(2)})\varepsilon(h);$
- (iv) $\sum \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}h, r^{(1)}l)R^{(2)} \otimes r^{(2)} = \sum \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}h, r^{(2)}l)R^{(1)} \otimes r^{(1)} = \sum \sigma(h, l)(1 \otimes 1).$

Now we give some properties of $\sigma - R$ compatible Hopf algebras:

Proposition 1.2. Let H be an $\sigma - R$ compatible Hopf algebra, then

- (a) $\sum R^{(1)} \otimes R^{(1)}_1 \sigma(R^{(2)}_2, h) = \sum R^{(1)} \otimes R^{(2)}_1 \sigma(h, R^{(2)}_2) = \sum (R^{(1)} \otimes R^{(2)})\varepsilon(h);$
- (b) $\sum \sigma(R^{(1)}_1, l)R^{(1)}_2 \otimes R^{(2)} = \sum \sigma(l, R^{(1)}_1)R^{(1)}_2 \otimes R^{(2)} = \sum (R^{(1)} \otimes R^{(2)})\varepsilon(l);$
- (c) $\sum \sigma(h, R^{(2)}_1)R^{(2)}_2 \otimes R^{(1)} = \sum \sigma(R^{(2)}_1, h)R^{(2)}_2 \otimes R^{(1)} = \sum (R^{(2)} \otimes R^{(1)})\varepsilon(h);$
- (d) $\sum \sigma(U^{(1)}hu^{(1)}, \tilde{U}^{(1)}l\tilde{u}^{(1)})U^{(2)} \otimes u^{(2)} \otimes \tilde{U}^{(2)} \otimes \tilde{u}^{(2)} = \sigma(h, l)(1 \otimes 1 \otimes 1 \otimes 1);$
- (e) $\sum \sigma(U^{(2)}hu^{(2)}, \tilde{U}^{(2)}l\tilde{u}^{(2)})U^{(1)} \otimes u^{(1)} \otimes \tilde{U}^{(1)} \otimes \tilde{u}^{(1)} = \sigma(h, l)(1 \otimes 1 \otimes 1 \otimes 1);$
- (f) $\sum \sigma(U^{(1)}_1, l)U^{(1)}_2 \otimes U^{(2)} = \sum \sigma(l, U^{(1)}_1)U^{(1)}_2 \otimes U^{(2)} = \sum (U^{(1)} \otimes U^{(2)})\varepsilon(l);$
- (g) $\sum U^{(1)} \otimes U^{(2)}_1 \sigma(U^{(2)}_2, l) = \sum U^{(1)} \otimes U^{(2)}_1 \sigma(l, U^{(2)}_2) = \sum (U^{(1)} \otimes U^{(2)})\varepsilon(l).$

PROOF: (a)

$$\begin{aligned} & \sum R^{(1)} \otimes R^{(1)}_1 \sigma(R^{(2)}_2, h) \\ & \stackrel{(ii)+(2')}{=} \sum R^{(1)} \otimes r^{(1)} R^{(2)}_1 \sigma(r^{(2)} R^{(2)}_2, h) \\ & \stackrel{(1')}{=} \sum r^{(1)} R^{(1)}_1 \otimes r^{(2)} R^{(1)}_2 \sigma(R^{(2)}, h) \\ & \stackrel{(ii)+(2')}{=} \sum R^{(1)} \otimes R^{(2)} \sigma(1, h) \\ & \stackrel{(2)}{=} \sum (R^{(1)} \otimes R^{(2)})\varepsilon(h). \end{aligned}$$

Similarly, we can prove the second formula of (a), (b) and (c).

By (i) and (ii) of Definition 1.1, and $RU = UR = 1 \otimes 1$, we can prove (d) and (e).

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \sum \sigma(U^{(1)}_1, l)U^{(1)}_2 \otimes U^{(2)} \\
 & \stackrel{(d)+(4')}{=} \sum \sigma(U^{(1)}_1 u^{(1)}, l)U^{(1)}_2 u^{(2)} \otimes U^{(2)} \\
 & \stackrel{(3')}{=} \sum \sigma(U^{(1)}, l)U^{(2)}_1 u^{(1)} \otimes U^{(2)}_2 u^{(2)} \\
 & \stackrel{(d)+(4')}{=} \sum \sigma(1, l)U^{(1)} \otimes U^{(2)} \\
 & \stackrel{(2)}{=} \sum (U^{(1)} \otimes U^{(2)})_{\varepsilon}(l).
 \end{aligned}$$

Analogously, we can prove the second formula of (f) and (g). $\square$

The following proposition can be proved by direct computation.

Proposition 1.3. *Let H be an $\sigma - R$ compatible Hopf algebra, then we have*

- (h) $\sum R^{(1)} \otimes R^{(2)}_1 \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}_2, l) = \sum R^{(1)} \otimes R^{(2)}_1 \sigma^{-1}(l, R^{(2)}_2) = \sum (R^{(1)} \otimes R^{(2)})_{\varepsilon}(l);$
- (i) $\sum R^{(1)}_1 \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}_2, l) \otimes R^{(2)} = \sum R^{(1)}_1 \sigma^{-1}(l, R^{(1)}_2) \otimes R^{(2)} = \sum (R^{(1)} \otimes R^{(2)})_{\varepsilon}(l);$
- (j) $\sum \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}_1, l)R^{(1)}_2 \otimes R^{(2)} = \sum \sigma^{-1}(l, R^{(1)}_1)R^{(1)}_2 \otimes R^{(2)} = \sum (R^{(1)} \otimes R^{(2)})_{\varepsilon}(l);$
- (k) $\sum \sigma^{-1}(h, R^{(2)}_1)R^{(2)}_2 \otimes R^{(1)} = \sum \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}_1, h)R^{(2)}_2 \otimes R^{(1)} = \sum (R^{(2)} \otimes R^{(1)})_{\varepsilon}(h);$
- (l) $\sum U^{(1)} \otimes U^{(2)}_1 \sigma^{-1}(U^{(2)}_2, l) = \sum U^{(1)} \otimes U^{(2)}_1 \sigma^{-1}(l, U^{(2)}_2) = \sum (U^{(1)} \otimes U^{(2)})_{\varepsilon}(l);$
- (m) $\sum \sigma^{-1}(U^{(1)}_1, l)U^{(1)}_2 \otimes U^{(2)} = \sum \sigma^{-1}(l, U^{(1)}_1)U^{(1)}_2 \otimes U^{(2)} = \sum (U^{(1)} \otimes U^{(2)})_{\varepsilon}(l);$
- (n) $\sum \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}, l)R^{(1)} = \sum \sigma^{-1}(l, R^{(2)})R^{(1)} = \varepsilon(l);$
- (o) $\sum \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}, l)R^{(2)} = \sum \sigma^{-1}(l, R^{(1)})R^{(2)} = \varepsilon(l);$
- (p) $\sum \sigma^{-1}(U^{(2)}, l)U^{(1)} = \sum \sigma^{-1}(l, U^{(2)})U^{(1)} = \varepsilon(l);$
- (q) $\sum \sigma^{-1}(U^{(1)}, l)U^{(2)} = \sum \sigma^{-1}(l, U^{(1)})U^{(2)} = \varepsilon(l);$
- (r) $\sum \sigma^{-1}(U^{(1)}h, l)U^{(2)} = \sum \sigma^{-1}(hU^{(1)}, l)U^{(2)} = \sigma^{-1}(h, l);$
- (s) $\sum \sigma^{-1}(h, lU^{(2)})U^{(1)} = \sum \sigma^{-1}(hU^{(2)}, l)U^{(1)} = \sigma^{-1}(h, l).$

Theorem 1.4. *Let H be an $\sigma - R$ compatible bialgebra, then $(H, \odot, \tilde{\Delta})$ is a Hopf algebra which will be denoted by $H^{\sigma-R}$.*

PROOF: Clearly, $\tilde{\Delta}(1) = 1 \otimes 1$. For all $h, l \in H$, we have

$$\begin{aligned}
& \tilde{\Delta}(h)\tilde{\Delta}(l) \\
& \stackrel{(B)}{=} \sum (R^{(1)}h_1U^{(1)}) \odot (r^{(1)}l_1u^{(1)}) \otimes (R^{(2)}h_2U^{(2)}) \odot (r^{(2)}l_2u^{(2)}) \\
& \stackrel{(A)}{=} \sum \sigma(R^{(1)}_1h_1U^{(1)}_1, r^{(1)}_1l_1u^{(1)}_1)(R^{(1)}_2h_2U^{(1)}_2r^{(1)}_2l_2u^{(1)}_2) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}_3h_3U^{(1)}_3, r^{(1)}_3l_3u^{(1)}_3) \\
& \quad \otimes \sigma(R^{(2)}_1h_4U^{(2)}_1, r^{(2)}_1l_4u^{(2)}_1)(R^{(2)}_2h_5U^{(2)}_2r^{(2)}_2l_5u^{(2)}_2) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}_3h_6U^{(2)}_3, r^{(2)}_3l_6u^{(2)}_3) \\
& \stackrel{(b)}{=} \sum \sigma(r^{(1)}_1, l_1U^{(1)}_1) \\
& \quad \sigma(R^{(1)}_1h_1U^{(1)}_1, r^{(1)}_2l_2u^{(1)}_2)(R^{(1)}_2h_2U^{(1)}_2r^{(1)}_2l_2u^{(1)}_2) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}_3h_3U^{(1)}_3, r^{(1)}_3l_3u^{(1)}_3) \\
& \quad \otimes \sigma(R^{(2)}_1h_4U^{(2)}_1, r^{(2)}_1l_4u^{(2)}_1)(R^{(2)}_2h_5U^{(2)}_2r^{(2)}_2l_5u^{(2)}_2) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}_3h_6U^{(2)}_3, r^{(2)}_3l_6u^{(2)}_3) \\
& \stackrel{(1)}{=} \sum \sigma(R^{(1)}_1h_1U^{(1)}_1, r^{(1)}_1) \\
& \quad \sigma(R^{(1)}_2h_2U^{(1)}_2r^{(1)}_2, l_1u^{(1)}_1)(R^{(1)}_3h_3U^{(1)}_3r^{(1)}_3l_2u^{(1)}_2) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}_4h_4U^{(1)}_4, r^{(1)}_4l_3u^{(1)}_3) \\
& \quad \otimes \sigma(R^{(2)}_1h_5U^{(2)}_1, r^{(2)}_1l_4u^{(2)}_1)(R^{(2)}_2h_6U^{(2)}_2r^{(2)}_2l_5u^{(2)}_2) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}_3h_7U^{(2)}_3, r^{(2)}_3l_6u^{(2)}_3) \\
& \stackrel{(b)}{=} \sum \sigma(R^{(1)}_1h_1U^{(1)}_1r^{(1)}_1, l_1u^{(1)}_1)(R^{(1)}_2h_2U^{(1)}_2r^{(1)}_2l_2u^{(1)}_2) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}_3h_3U^{(1)}_3, r^{(1)}_3l_3u^{(1)}_3) \\
& \quad \otimes \sigma(R^{(2)}_1h_4U^{(2)}_1, r^{(2)}_1l_4u^{(2)}_1)(R^{(2)}_2h_5U^{(2)}_2r^{(2)}_2l_5u^{(2)}_2) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}_3h_6U^{(2)}_3, r^{(2)}_3l_6u^{(2)}_3) \\
& \stackrel{(I)}{=} \sum \sigma(R^{(1)}_1h_1U^{(1)}_1r^{(1)}_1, l_1u^{(1)}_1)(R^{(1)}_2h_2U^{(1)}_2r^{(1)}_2l_2u^{(1)}_2) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}_3h_3U^{(1)}_3, r^{(1)}_3l_3u^{(1)}_3)\sigma^{-1}(r^{(1)}_4, l_4u^{(1)}_4) \\
& \quad \otimes \sigma(R^{(2)}_1h_4U^{(2)}_1, r^{(2)}_1l_5u^{(2)}_1)(R^{(2)}_2h_5U^{(2)}_2r^{(2)}_2l_5u^{(2)}_2) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}_3l_6U^{(2)}_3, r^{(2)}_3l_7u^{(2)}_3) \\
& \stackrel{(3)}{=} \sum \sigma(R^{(1)}_1h_1U^{(1)}_1r^{(1)}_1, l_1u^{(1)}_1)(R^{(1)}_2h_2U^{(1)}_2r^{(1)}_2l_2u^{(1)}_2) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}_3h_3U^{(1)}_3r^{(1)}_3, l_3u^{(1)}_3)\sigma^{-1}(r^{(1)}_4h_4u^{(1)}_4, r^{(1)}_4)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \otimes \sigma(R^{(2)}_1 h_5 U^{(2)}_1, r^{(2)}_1 l_4 u^{(2)}_1) (R^{(2)}_2 h_6 U^{(2)}_2 r^{(2)}_2 l_5 u^{(2)}_2) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}_3 h_7 U^{(2)}_3, r^{(2)}_3 l_6 u^{(2)}_3) \\
\stackrel{(I)}{=} & \sum \sigma(R^{(1)}_1 h_1 U^{(1)}_1 r^{(1)}_1 l_1 u^{(1)}_1) (R^{(1)}_2 h_2 U^{(1)}_2 r^{(1)}_2 l_2 u^{(1)}_2) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}_3 h_3 U^{(1)}_3 r^{(1)}_3 l_3 u^{(1)}_3) \\
& \otimes \sigma(R^{(2)}_1 h_4 U^{(2)}_1, r^{(2)}_1 l_4 u^{(2)}_1) (R^{(2)}_2 h_5 U^{(2)}_2 r^{(2)}_2 l_5 u^{(2)}_2) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}_3 h_6 U^{(2)}_3, r^{(2)}_3 l_6 u^{(2)}_3) \\
\stackrel{(c)}{=} & \sum \sigma(R^{(1)}_1 h_1 U^{(1)}_1 r^{(1)}_1 l_1 u^{(1)}_1) (R^{(1)}_2 h_2 U^{(1)}_2 r^{(1)}_2 l_2 u^{(1)}_2) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}_3 h_3 U^{(1)}_3 r^{(1)}_3 l_3 u^{(1)}_3) \otimes \sigma(r^{(2)}_1, l_4 u^{(2)}_1) \\
& \sigma(R^{(2)}_1 h_4 U^{(2)}_1, r^{(2)}_2 l_5 u^{(2)}_2) (R^{(2)}_2 h_5 U^{(2)}_2 r^{(2)}_3 l_6 u^{(2)}_3) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}_3 h_6 U^{(2)}_3, r^{(2)}_4 l_7 u^{(2)}_4) \\
\stackrel{(1)}{=} & \sum \sigma(R^{(1)}_1 h_1 U^{(1)}_1 r^{(1)}_1 l_1 u^{(1)}_1) (R^{(1)}_2 h_2 U^{(1)}_2 r^{(1)}_2 l_2 u^{(1)}_2) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}_3 h_3 U^{(1)}_3 r^{(1)}_3 l_3 u^{(1)}_3) \\
& \otimes \sigma(R^{(2)}_1 h_4 U^{(2)}_1, r^{(2)}_1) \\
& \sigma(R^{(2)}_2 h_5 U^{(2)}_2 r^{(2)}_2, l_4 u^{(2)}_1) (R^{(2)}_3 h_6 U^{(2)}_3 r^{(2)}_3 l_5 u^{(2)}_2) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}_4 h_7 U^{(2)}_4, r^{(2)}_4 l_6 u^{(2)}_3) \\
\stackrel{(h)+(c)}{=} & \sum \sigma(R^{(1)}_1 h_1 U^{(1)}_1 r^{(1)}_1 l_1 u^{(1)}_1) (R^{(1)}_2 h_2 U^{(1)}_2 r^{(1)}_2 l_2 u^{(1)}_2) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}_3 h_3 U^{(1)}_3 r^{(1)}_3 l_3 u^{(1)}_3) \\
& \otimes \sigma(R^{(2)}_1 h_4 U^{(2)}_1 r^{(2)}_1, l_4 u^{(2)}_1) (R^{(2)}_2 h_5 U^{(2)}_2 r^{(2)}_2 l_5 u^{(2)}_2) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}_3 h_6 U^{(2)}_3, r^{(2)}_3 l_6 u^{(2)}_3) \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}_4, l_7 u^{(2)}_4) \\
\stackrel{(3)+(h)}{=} & \sum \sigma(R^{(1)}_1 h_1 U^{(1)}_1 r^{(1)}_1 l_1 u^{(1)}_1) (R^{(1)}_2 h_2 U^{(1)}_2 r^{(1)}_2 l_2 u^{(1)}_2) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}_3 h_3 U^{(1)}_3 r^{(1)}_3 l_3 u^{(1)}_3) \\
& \otimes \sigma(R^{(2)}_1 h_4 U^{(2)}_1 r^{(2)}_1, l_4 u^{(2)}_1) (R^{(2)}_2 h_5 U^{(2)}_2 r^{(2)}_2 l_5 u^{(2)}_2) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}_3 h_6 U^{(2)}_3 r^{(2)}_3, l_6 u^{(2)}_3) \\
\stackrel{\text{R invertible}}{=} & \sum \sigma(R^{(1)}_1 h_1, l_1 U^{(1)}_1) (R^{(1)}_2 h_2 l_2 u^{(1)}_2) \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}_3 h_3, l_3 u^{(1)}_3) \\
& \otimes \sigma(R^{(2)}_1 h_4, l_4 U^{(2)}_1) (R^{(2)}_2 h_5 l_5 u^{(2)}_2) \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}_3 h_6, l_6 u^{(2)}_3) \\
\stackrel{(i)}{=} & \sum \sigma(\tilde{R}^{(1)} R^{(1)}_1 h_1, l_1 u^{(1)}_1) (\tilde{R}^{(2)} R^{(1)}_2 h_2 l_2 u^{(1)}_2) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}^{(2)} R^{(1)}_3 h_3, l_3 u^{(1)}_3)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \otimes \sigma(R^{(2)}_3 h_4, l_4 U^{(2)}_1)(R^{(2)}_4 h_5 l_5 u^{(1)}_2) \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}_5 h_6, l_6 u^{(2)}_3) \\
& \stackrel{(1')}{=} \sum \sigma(R^{(1)} h_1, l_1 u^{(1)}_1)(\tilde{R}^{(1)}_1 R^{(2)}_1 h_2 l_2 u^{(1)}_2) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}^{(1)}_2 R^{(2)}_2 h_3, l_3 u^{(1)}_3) \\
& \quad \otimes \sigma(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_1 R^{(2)}_3 h_4, l_4 U^{(2)}_1)(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_2 R^{(2)}_4 h_5 l_5 u^{(1)}_2) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_3 R^{(2)}_5 h_6, l_6 u^{(2)}_3) \\
& \stackrel{(i)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1 u^{(1)}_1)(\tilde{R}^{(1)}_1 h_2 l_2 u^{(1)}_2) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}^{(1)}_2 h_3, l_3 u^{(1)}_3) \\
& \quad \otimes \sigma(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_1 h_4, l_4 u^{(2)}_1)(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_2 h_5 l_5 u^{(1)}_2) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_3 h_6, l_6 u^{(2)}_3) \\
& \stackrel{(d)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1 u^{(1)}_1 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_1)(\tilde{R}^{(1)}_1 h_2 l_2 u^{(1)}_2 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_1) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}^{(1)}_2 h_3, l_3 u^{(1)}_3 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_2) \\
& \quad \otimes \sigma(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_1 h_4, l_4 u^{(2)}_1)(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_2 h_5 l_5 u^{(2)}_2) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_3 h_6, l_6 u^{(2)}_3) \\
& \stackrel{(3')}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1 u^{(1)}_1)(\tilde{R}^{(1)}_1 h_2 l_2 u^{(2)}_1 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_1) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}^{(1)}_2 h_3, l_3 u^{(2)}_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_2) \\
& \quad \otimes \sigma(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_1 h_4, l_4 u^{(2)}_2 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_1)(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_2 h_5 l_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_2) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_3 h_6, l_6 u^{(2)}_4 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_3) \\
& \stackrel{(d)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1)(\tilde{R}^{(1)}_1 h_2 l_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_1) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}^{(1)}_2 h_3, l_3 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_2) \\
& \quad \otimes \sigma(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_1 h_4, l_4 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_1)(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_2 h_5 l_5 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_2) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_3 h_6, l_6 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_3) \\
& \stackrel{(n)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1)(R^{(1)} \tilde{R}^{(1)}_1 h_2 l_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_1) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}, \tilde{R}^{(1)}_2 h_3 l_3 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_2) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}^{(1)}_3 h_4, l_4 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_3) \\
& \quad \otimes \sigma(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_1 h_5, l_5 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_1)(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_2 h_6 l_6 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_2) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_3 h_7, l_7 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_3) \\
& \stackrel{(3)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1)(R^{(1)} \tilde{R}^{(1)}_1 h_2 l_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_1) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}_1 \tilde{R}^{(1)}_2 h_3, l_3 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_2) \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}_2, \tilde{R}^{(1)}_3 h_4) \\
& \quad \otimes \sigma(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_1 h_5, l_4 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_1)(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_2 h_6 l_5 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_2) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_3 h_7, l_6 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_3) \\
& \stackrel{(h)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1)(R^{(1)} \tilde{R}^{(1)}_1 h_2 l_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_1) \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)} \tilde{R}^{(1)}_2 h_3, l_3 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_2) \\
& \quad \otimes \sigma(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_1 h_4, l_4 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_1)(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_2 h_5 l_5 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_2) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_3 h_6, l_6 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_3) \\
& \stackrel{(1')}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1)(\tilde{R}^{(1)} h_2 l_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_1) \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)} \tilde{R}^{(2)}_1 h_3, l_3 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_2) \\
& \quad \otimes \sigma(R^{(2)}_1 \tilde{R}^{(2)}_2 h_4, l_4 u^{(2)}_1)(R^{(2)}_2 \tilde{R}^{(2)}_3 h_5 l_5 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_2) \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}_3 \tilde{R}^{(2)}_4 h_6, l_6 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_3) \\
& \stackrel{(iv)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1)(\tilde{R}^{(1)} h_2 l_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_1) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_1 h_3, l_3 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_2) \\
& \quad \otimes \sigma(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_2 h_4, l_4 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_1)(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_3 h_5 l_5 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_2) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}^{(2)}_4 h_6, l_6 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_3)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \stackrel{(p)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1)(\tilde{R}^{(1)} h_2 l_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}{}_1 u^{(1)}) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}_2^{(2)} h_4, l_4 \tilde{u}_3^{(1)}) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}_1^{(1)} h_3 l_3 \tilde{u}^{(1)}{}_2, u^{(2)}) \\
& \quad \otimes \sigma(\tilde{R}_2^{(2)} h_5, l_5 \tilde{u}^{(2)}{}_1)(\tilde{R}_3^{(2)} h_6 l_6 \tilde{u}_2^{(2)}) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}_4^{(2)} h_7, l_7 \tilde{u}_3^{(2)}) \\
& \stackrel{(3)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1)(\tilde{R}^{(1)} h_2 l_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}{}_1 u^{(1)}) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}_1^{(2)} h_3, l_3 \tilde{u}_2^{(1)} u^{(2)}{}_1) \sigma^{-1}(l_4 \tilde{u}_3^{(1)}, u^{(2)}{}_2) \\
& \quad \otimes \sigma(\tilde{R}_2^{(2)} h_4, l_5 \tilde{u}^{(2)}{}_1)(\tilde{R}_3^{(2)} h_6 l_6 \tilde{u}_2^{(2)}) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}_4^{(2)} h_7, l_7 \tilde{u}_3^{(2)}) \\
& \stackrel{(l)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1)(\tilde{R}^{(1)} h_2 l_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}{}_1 u^{(1)}) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}_1^{(2)} h_3, l_3 \tilde{u}_2^{(1)} u^{(2)}) \\
& \quad \otimes \sigma(\tilde{R}_2^{(2)} h_4, l_4 \tilde{u}^{(2)}{}_1)(\tilde{R}_3^{(2)} h_5 l_5 \tilde{u}_2^{(2)}) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}_4^{(2)} h_6, l_6 \tilde{u}_3^{(2)}) \\
& \stackrel{(3')}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1)(\tilde{R}^{(1)} h_2 l_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}_1^{(2)} h_3, l_3 \tilde{u}_1^{(2)} u^{(1)}) \\
& \quad \otimes \sigma(\tilde{R}_2^{(2)} h_4, l_4 \tilde{u}^{(2)}{}_2 u_1^{(2)})(\tilde{R}_3^{(2)} h_5 l_5 \tilde{u}_3^{(2)} u_3^{(2)}) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}_4^{(2)} h_6, l_6 \tilde{u}_4^{(2)} u_3^{(2)}) \\
& \stackrel{(r)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1)(\tilde{R}^{(1)} h_2 l_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}_1^{(2)} h_3, l_3 \tilde{u}_1^{(2)}) \\
& \quad \otimes \sigma(\tilde{R}_2^{(2)} h_4, l_4 \tilde{u}^{(2)}{}_2)(\tilde{R}_3^{(2)} h_5 l_5 \tilde{u}_3^{(2)}) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}_4^{(2)} h_6, l_6 \tilde{u}_4^{(2)}) \\
& = \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1)(\tilde{R}^{(1)} h_2 l_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}) \otimes \tilde{R}_1^{(2)} h_3 l_3 \tilde{u}^{(2)}{}_1 \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}_2^{(2)} h_4, l_4 \tilde{u}_2^{(2)}) \\
& \stackrel{(iv)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1)(\tilde{R}^{(1)} h_2 l_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}) \otimes (R^{(1)} \tilde{R}_1^{(2)} h_3 l_3 \tilde{u}^{(2)}{}_1) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)} \tilde{R}_2^{(2)} h_4, l_4 \tilde{u}_2^{(2)}) \\
& \stackrel{(1')}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1)(R^{(1)} \tilde{R}_1^{(1)} h_2 l_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}) \otimes (R^{(2)} \tilde{R}_2^{(1)} h_3 l_3 \tilde{u}^{(2)}{}_1) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}^{(2)} h_4, l_4 \tilde{u}_2^{(2)}) \\
& \stackrel{(iv)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1)(R^{(1)} h_2 l_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}) \otimes (R^{(2)} h_3 l_3 \tilde{u}^{(2)}{}_1) \sigma^{-1}(h_4, l_4 \tilde{u}_2^{(2)}) \\
& \stackrel{(s)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1)(R^{(1)} h_2 l_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}) \otimes (R^{(2)} h_3 l_3 \tilde{u}^{(2)}{}_1 u^{(1)}) \sigma^{-1}(h_4, l_4 \tilde{u}_2^{(2)} u^{(2)}) \\
& \stackrel{(3')}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1)(R^{(1)} h_2 l_2 \tilde{u}_1^{(1)} u^{(1)}) \otimes (R^{(2)} h_3 l_3 \tilde{u}^{(1)}{}_2 u^{(2)}) \sigma^{-1}(h_4, l_4 \tilde{u}^{(2)}) \\
& \stackrel{(s)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1)(R^{(1)} h_2 l_2 u^{(1)}) \otimes (R^{(2)} h_3 l_3 u^{(2)}) \sigma^{-1}(h_4, l_4) \\
& \stackrel{(A) \pm (B)}{=} \tilde{\Delta}(h \odot l). \quad \square
\end{aligned}$$

Now we will give the Hopf structure of $H^{\sigma-R}$, and we will always assume that the following two conditions hold: $\forall h, l \in H$

- (t) $\sum \sigma^{-1}(h, lS(U^{(1)}{}_1))S(U^{(1)}{}_2) \otimes U^{(2)} = \sum \sigma^{-1}(h, l)S(U^{(1)}) \otimes U^{(2)},$
- (u) $\sum \sigma^{-1}(S(U^{(2)})hS(R^{(2)}), lS(r^{(2)}))U^{(1)} \otimes R^{(1)} \otimes r^{(1)} = \sigma^{-1}(h, l).$

Theorem 1.5. *Let H be a $\sigma - R$ compatible Hopf algebra. Suppose that conditions (t), (u) hold. Then $(H, \odot, \tilde{\Delta})$ is a Hopf algebra with the antipode:*

$$S^{\sigma-R}(h) = \sum \sigma(h_1, S(h_2)) R^{(1)} S(U^{(1)} h_3 R^{(2)}) U^{(2)} \sigma^{-1}(S(h_4), h_5).$$

PROOF: By Theorem 1.4, $H^{\sigma-R}$ is a bialgebra. It remains only to verify that $S^{\sigma-R}$ is the antipode of $H^{\sigma-R}$. For all $h \in H$

$$\begin{aligned} & (I \star S^{\sigma-R})(h) \\ & \stackrel{(B)}{=} \sum (\tilde{R}^{(1)} h_1 \tilde{U}^{(1)}) \odot S^{\sigma-R}(\tilde{R}^{(2)} h_2 \tilde{U}^{(2)}) \\ & \stackrel{(A)}{=} \sum \sigma(\tilde{R}^{(1)} h_1 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_1, S^{\sigma-R}(\tilde{R}^{(2)} h_4 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_1)_1) \\ & \quad [(\tilde{R}^{(1)} h_2 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_2) S^{\sigma-R}(\tilde{R}^{(2)} h_4 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_2)_2] \\ & \quad \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}^{(1)} h_3 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_3, S^{\sigma-R}(\tilde{R}^{(2)} h_4 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_3)_3) \\ & = \sum \sigma(\tilde{R}^{(1)} h_1 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_1, (R^{(1)} S(U^{(1)} \tilde{R}_3^{(2)} h_6 \tilde{U}_3^{(2)} R^{(2)}) U^{(2)})_1)_1) \\ & \quad \sigma(\tilde{R}^{(2)} h_4 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_1, S(\tilde{R}_2^{(2)} h_5 \tilde{U}_2^{(2)})) \\ & \quad [\tilde{R}^{(1)} h_2 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_2 (R^{(1)} S(U^{(1)} \tilde{R}_3^{(2)} h_6 \tilde{U}_3^{(2)} R^{(2)}) U^{(2)})_2] \\ & \quad \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{R}^{(1)} h_3 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_3, (R^{(1)} S(U^{(1)} \tilde{R}_3^{(2)} h_6 \tilde{U}_3^{(2)} R^{(2)}) U^{(2)})_3)_3) \\ & \quad \sigma^{-1}(S(\tilde{R}_4^{(2)} h_7 \tilde{U}_4^{(2)}), \tilde{R}_5^{(2)} h_8 \tilde{U}_5^{(2)})_5) \\ & \stackrel{(i)+(2')}{=} \sum \sigma(r^{(1)} \tilde{R}^{(1)} h_1 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_1, R^{(1)} S(U^{(1)} \tilde{R}_3^{(2)} h_6 \tilde{U}_3^{(2)} R^{(2)})_1 U^{(2)}_1)_1) \\ & \quad \sigma(\tilde{R}^{(2)} h_4 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_1, S(\tilde{R}_2^{(2)} h_5 \tilde{U}_2^{(2)})) \\ & \quad [r^{(2)} \tilde{R}^{(1)} h_2 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_2 R^{(1)} S(U^{(1)} \tilde{R}_3^{(2)} h_6 \tilde{U}_3^{(2)} R^{(2)})_2 U^{(2)}_2] \\ & \quad \sigma^{-1}(r^{(2)} \tilde{R}^{(1)} h_3 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_3, R^{(1)} S(U^{(1)} \tilde{R}_3^{(2)} h_6 \tilde{U}_3^{(2)} R^{(2)})_3 U^{(2)}_3) \\ & \quad \sigma^{-1}(S(\tilde{R}_4^{(2)} h_7 \tilde{U}_4^{(2)}), \tilde{R}_5^{(2)} h_8 \tilde{U}_5^{(2)})_5) \\ & \stackrel{(1')}{=} \sum \sigma(\tilde{R}^{(1)} h_1 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_1, R^{(1)} S(U^{(1)} r^{(2)} \tilde{R}_3^{(2)} h_6 \tilde{U}_3^{(2)} R^{(2)})_1 U_1^{(2)})_1) \\ & \quad \sigma(r^{(2)} \tilde{R}^{(1)} h_4 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_1, S(r^{(2)} \tilde{R}_2^{(2)} h_5 \tilde{U}_2^{(2)})) \\ & \quad [r^{(1)} \tilde{R}^{(2)} h_2 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_2 R^{(1)} S(U^{(1)} r^{(2)} \tilde{R}_3^{(2)} h_6 \tilde{U}_3^{(2)} R^{(2)})_2 U^{(2)}_2] \\ & \quad \sigma^{-1}(r^{(1)} \tilde{R}^{(2)} h_3 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_3, R^{(1)} S(U^{(1)} r^{(2)} \tilde{R}_3^{(2)} h_6 \tilde{U}_3^{(2)} R^{(2)})_3 U^{(2)}_3) \\ & \quad \sigma^{-1}(S(r^{(2)} \tilde{R}_4^{(2)} h_7 \tilde{U}_4^{(2)}), r^{(2)} \tilde{R}_5^{(2)} h_8 \tilde{U}_5^{(2)})_5) \\ & \stackrel{(2')+(i)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_1, R^{(1)} S(U^{(1)} r^{(2)} h_6 \tilde{U}_3^{(2)} R^{(2)})_1 U_1^{(2)})_1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sigma(r^{(2)}_1 h_4 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_1, S(r^{(2)}_2 h_5 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_2)) \\
& [r^{(1)}_1 h_2 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_2 R^{(1)}_2 S(U^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_3 R^{(2)}_2)_2 U^{(2)}_2] \\
& \sigma^{-1}(r^{(1)}_2 h_3 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_3, R^{(1)}_3 S(U^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 \\
& \tilde{U}^{(2)}_3 R^{(2)}_3)_3 U^{(2)}_3) \sigma^{-1}(S(r^{(2)}_4 h_7 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_4), r^{(2)}_5 h_8 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_5) \\
(i)^{+}(2') & \sum \sigma(h_1 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_1, \tilde{r}^{(1)} R^{(1)}_1 S(U^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_3 R^{(2)}_1)_1 U^{(2)}_1) \\
& \sigma(r^{(2)}_1 h_4 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_1, S(r^{(2)}_2 h_5 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_2)) \\
& [r^{(1)}_1 h_2 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_2 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_1 R^{(1)}_2 S(U^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_3 R^{(2)}_2)_2 U^{(2)}_2] \\
& \sigma^{-1}(r^{(1)}_2 h_3 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_3, \tilde{r}^{(2)}_2 R^{(1)}_3 S(U^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_3 R^{(2)}_3)_3 U^{(2)}_3) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(S(r^{(2)}_4 h_7 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_4), r^{(2)}_5 h_8 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_5) \\
(1') & \sum \sigma(h_1 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_1, R^{(1)}_1 S(U^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3 R^{(2)}_3)_1 U^{(2)}_1) \\
& \sigma(r^{(2)}_1 h_4 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_1, S(r^{(2)}_2 h_5 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_2)) \\
& [r^{(1)}_1 h_2 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_2 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_1 R^{(2)}_1 S(U^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3 R^{(2)}_3)_2 U^{(2)}_2] \\
& \sigma^{-1}(r^{(1)}_2 h_3 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_3, \tilde{r}^{(1)}_2 R^{(2)}_2 \\
& S(U^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3 R^{(2)}_3)_3 U^{(2)}_3) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(S(r^{(2)}_4 h_7 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_4), r^{(2)}_5 h_8 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_5) \\
(2')^{+}(i) & \sum \sigma(h_1 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_1, S(U^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3)_1 U^{(2)}_1) \sigma(r^{(2)}_1 h_4 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_1, \\
& S(r^{(2)}_2 h_5 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_2)) \\
& [r^{(1)}_1 h_2 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_2 \tilde{r}^{(1)}_1 S(U^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3)_2 U^{(2)}_2] \\
& \sigma^{-1}(r^{(1)}_2 h_3 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_3, \tilde{r}^{(1)}_2 S(U^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3)_3 U^{(2)}_3) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(S(r^{(2)}_4 h_7 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_4), r^{(2)}_5 h_8 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_5) \\
(d)^{+}(4') & \sum \sigma(h_1 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_1 u^{(1)}_1, S(U^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3)_1 U^{(2)}_1) \\
& \sigma(r^{(2)}_1 h_4 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_1, S(r^{(2)}_2 h_5 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_2)) \\
& [r^{(1)}_1 h_2 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_2 u^{(2)}_1 \tilde{r}^{(1)}_1 S(U^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3)_2 U^{(2)}_2] \\
& \sigma^{-1}(r^{(1)}_2 h_3 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_3 u^{(2)}_2, \tilde{r}^{(1)}_2 S(U^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3)_3 U^{(2)}_3) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(S(r^{(2)}_4 h_7 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_4), r^{(2)}_5 h_8 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_5) \\
(3') & \sum \sigma(h_1 \tilde{U}^{(1)}_1, S(U^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_4 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3)_1 U^{(2)}_1) \\
& \sigma(r^{(2)}_1 h_4 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_2 u^{(2)}_1, S(r^{(2)}_2 h_5 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_3 u^{(2)}_2)) \\
& [r^{(1)}_1 h_2 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_1 u^{(1)}_1 \tilde{r}^{(1)}_1 S(U^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_3 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3)_0 2 U^{(2)}_2]
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sigma^{-1}(r^{(1)}_2 h_3 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_2 u^{(1)}_2, \tilde{r}^{(1)}_2 S(U^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_4 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3) U^{(2)}_3) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(S(r^{(2)}_4 h_7 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_5 u^{(2)}_4), r^{(2)}_5 h_8 \tilde{U}^{(2)}_6 u^{(2)}_5) \\
\stackrel{(d)+(4')}{=} & \sum \sigma(h_1, S(U^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_1) U^{(2)}_1 \tilde{u}^{(1)}) \\
& \sigma(r^{(2)}_1 h_4 u^{(2)}_1, S(r^{(2)}_2 h_5 u^{(2)}_2)) \\
& [r^{(1)}_1 h_2 u^{(1)}_1 \tilde{r}^{(1)}_1 S(U^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_2) U^{(2)}_2 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_1] \\
& \sigma^{-1}(r^{(1)}_2 h_3 u^{(1)}_2, \tilde{r}^{(1)}_2 S(U^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3) U^{(2)}_3 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_2) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(S(r^{(2)}_4 h_7 u^{(2)}_4), r^{(2)}_5 h_8 u^{(2)}_5) \\
\stackrel{(3')}{=} & \sum \sigma(h_1, S(U^{(1)}_1 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_1) U^{(2)}_2 \tilde{u}^{(2)}) \\
& \sigma(r^{(2)}_1 h_4 u^{(2)}_1, S(r^{(2)}_2 h_5 u^{(2)}_2)) \\
& [r^{(1)}_1 h_2 u^{(1)}_1 \tilde{r}^{(1)}_1 S(U^{(1)}_1 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_2) U^{(2)}_2 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_1] \\
& \sigma^{-1}(r^{(1)}_2 h_3 u^{(1)}_2, \tilde{r}^{(1)}_2 S(U^{(1)}_1 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3) U^{(2)}_3 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_2) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(S(r^{(2)}_4 h_7 u^{(2)}_4), r^{(2)}_5 h_8 u^{(2)}_5) \\
\stackrel{(e)+(4')}{=} & \sum \sigma(h_1, S(r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_1) U^{(2)}_2 \tilde{u}^{(2)}) \\
& \sigma(r^{(2)}_1 h_4 u^{(2)}_1, S(r^{(2)}_2 h_5 u^{(2)}_2)) \\
& [r^{(1)}_1 h_2 u^{(1)}_1 \tilde{r}^{(1)}_1 S(r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_2) U^{(2)}_2 S(U^{(1)}_2) U^{(2)}_1] \\
& \sigma^{-1}(r^{(1)}_2 h_3 u^{(1)}_2, \tilde{r}^{(1)}_2 S(r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3) U^{(2)}_3 S(U^{(1)}_1) U^{(2)}_2) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(S(r^{(2)}_4 h_7 u^{(2)}_4), r^{(2)}_5 h_8 u^{(2)}_5) \\
\stackrel{(s)}{=} & \sum \sigma(h_1, S(r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_1) U^{(2)}_2 \tilde{u}^{(2)}) \\
& \sigma(r^{(2)}_1 h_4 u^{(2)}_1, S(r^{(2)}_2 h_5 u^{(2)}_2)) \\
& [r^{(1)}_1 h_2 u^{(1)}_1 \tilde{r}^{(1)}_1 S(r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_2) U^{(2)}_2 S(U^{(1)}_2) U^{(2)}_1 \tilde{u}^{(1)}] \\
& \sigma^{-1}(r^{(1)}_2 h_3 u^{(1)}_2, \tilde{r}^{(1)}_2 S(r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3) U^{(2)}_3 S(U^{(1)}_1) U^{(2)}_2 \tilde{u}^{(2)}) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(S(r^{(2)}_4 h_7 u^{(2)}_4), r^{(2)}_5 h_8 u^{(2)}_5) \\
\stackrel{(3')}{=} & \sum \sigma(h_1, S(r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_1) U^{(2)}_2 \tilde{u}^{(2)}) \\
& \sigma(r^{(2)}_1 h_4 u^{(2)}_1, S(r^{(2)}_2 h_5 u^{(2)}_2)) \\
& [r^{(1)}_1 h_2 u^{(1)}_1 \tilde{r}^{(1)}_1 S(r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_2) U^{(2)}_2 S(U^{(1)}_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_2) U^{(1)}_3 \tilde{u}^{(2)}] \\
& \sigma^{-1}(r^{(1)}_2 h_3 u^{(1)}_2, \tilde{r}^{(1)}_2 S(r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3) U^{(2)}_3 S(U^{(1)}_1 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_1) U^{(2)}_2) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(S(r^{(2)}_4 h_7 u^{(2)}_4), r^{(2)}_5 h_8 u^{(2)}_5)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \stackrel{(s)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, S(r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_1) U_2^{(1)} \tilde{u}^{(2)}) \\
& \quad \sigma(r^{(2)}_1 h_4 u^{(2)}_1, S(r^{(2)}_2 h_5 u^{(2)}_2)) \\
& \quad [r^{(1)}_1 h_2 u^{(1)}_1 \tilde{r}^{(1)}_1 S(r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_2) S(\tilde{u}^{(1)}_2) \tilde{u}^{(2)}] \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(r^{(1)}_2 h_3 u^{(1)}_2, \tilde{r}^{(1)}_2 S(r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3) S(\tilde{u}^{(1)}_1)) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(S(r^{(2)}_4 h_7 u^{(2)}_4), r^{(2)}_5 h_8 u^{(2)}_5) \\
& \stackrel{(iv)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, S(R^{(1)}_3 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_1) U_2^{(1)} \tilde{u}^{(2)}) \\
& \quad \sigma(R^{(1)}_1 r^{(2)}_1 h_4 u^{(2)}_1, S(R^{(1)}_2 r^{(2)}_2 h_5 u^{(2)}_2)) \\
& \quad [r^{(1)}_1 h_2 u^{(1)}_1 \tilde{r}^{(1)}_1 S(R^{(1)}_3 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_2) S(\tilde{u}^{(1)}_2) \tilde{u}^{(2)}] \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(r^{(1)}_2 h_3 u^{(1)}_2, \tilde{r}^{(1)}_2 S(R^{(1)}_3 r^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3) S(\tilde{u}^{(1)}_1)) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(S(R^{(1)}_4 r^{(2)}_4 h_7 u^{(2)}_4), R^{(2)}_5 r^{(2)}_5 h_8 u^{(2)}_5) \\
& \stackrel{(1')}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, S(R^{(2)}_3 r^{(1)}_5 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_1) U_2^{(1)} \tilde{u}^{(2)}) \\
& \quad \sigma(R^{(2)}_1 r^{(1)}_3 h_4 u^{(2)}_1, S(R^{(2)}_2 r^{(1)}_4 h_5 u^{(2)}_2)) \\
& \quad [R^{(1)}_1 r^{(1)}_1 h_2 u^{(1)}_1 \tilde{r}^{(1)}_1 S(R^{(2)}_3 r^{(1)}_5 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_2) S(\tilde{u}^{(1)}_2) \tilde{u}^{(2)}] \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}_2 r^{(1)}_2 h_3 u^{(1)}_2, \tilde{r}^{(1)}_2 S(R^{(2)}_3 r^{(1)}_5 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3) S(\tilde{u}^{(1)}_1)) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(S(R^{(2)}_4 r^{(1)}_6 h_7 u^{(2)}_4), r^{(2)}_5 h_8 u^{(2)}_5) \\
& \stackrel{(iv)^{+}(s)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, S(R^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_1) U^{(1)}_2 \tilde{u}^{(2)}) \\
& \quad \sigma(R^{(2)}_1 h_4 u^{(2)}_1 U^{(1)}_1, S(R^{(2)}_2 h_5 u^{(2)}_2 U^{(1)}_2)) \\
& \quad [R^{(1)}_1 h_2 u^{(1)}_1 \tilde{r}^{(1)}_1 S(R^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 U^{(1)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_2) S(\tilde{u}^{(1)}_2) \tilde{u}^{(2)}] \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}_2 h_3 u^{(1)}_2, \tilde{r}^{(1)}_2 S(R^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3) S(\tilde{u}^{(1)}_1)) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(S(R^{(2)}_4 h_7 u^{(2)}_4 U^{(1)}_4), h_8 u^{(2)}_5 U^{(2)}) \\
& \stackrel{(3')}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, S(R^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_1)) \\
& \quad \sigma(R^{(2)}_1 h_4 u^{(1)}_3 U^{(2)}_1, S(R^{(2)}_2 h_5 u^{(1)}_4 U^{(2)}_2)) \\
& \quad [R^{(1)}_1 h_2 u^{(1)}_1 U^{(1)}_1 \tilde{r}^{(1)}_1 S(R^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(1)}_5 U^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_2) S(\tilde{u}^{(1)}_2) \tilde{u}^{(2)}] \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}_2 h_3 u^{(1)}_2 U^{(1)}_2, \tilde{r}^{(1)}_2 S(R^{(2)}_3 h_6 u^{(1)}_5 U^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3) S(\tilde{u}^{(1)}_1)) \\
& \quad \sigma^{-1}(S(R^{(2)}_4 h_7 u^{(1)}_6 U^{(2)}_4), h_8 u^{(2)}) \\
& \stackrel{(s)^{+}(iv)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, S(R^{(2)}_5 h_8 U^{(2)}_5 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3)) \\
& \quad \sigma(R^{(2)}_1 h_4 U^{(2)}_1, S(R^{(2)}_2 h_5 U^{(2)}_2))
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& [R^{(1)}_1 h_2 U^{(1)}_1 \tilde{R}^{(1)} \tilde{r}^{(1)}_1 S(R^{(2)}_4 h_7 U^{(2)}_4 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_2) S(\tilde{u}^{(1)}_2) \tilde{u}^{(2)}] \\
& \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}_2 h_3 U^{(1)}_2, \tilde{R}^{(2)} \tilde{r}^{(1)}_2 S(R^{(2)}_3 h_6 U^{(2)}_3 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_1) S(\tilde{u}^{(1)}_1)) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(S(R^{(2)}_4 h_9 U^{(2)}_4), h_{10}) \\
& \stackrel{(1')}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, S(R^{(2)}_5 h_8 U^{(2)}_5 \tilde{R}^{(2)} \tilde{r}^{(2)}_4)) \\
& \quad \sigma(R^{(2)}_1 h_4 U^{(2)}_1, S(R^{(2)}_2 h_5 U^{(2)}_2)) \\
& [R^{(1)}_1 h_2 U^{(1)}_1 \tilde{r}^{(1)} S(R^{(2)}_4 h_7 U^{(2)}_4 \tilde{R}^{(2)} \tilde{r}^{(2)}_3) S(\tilde{u}^{(1)}_2) \tilde{u}^{(2)}] \\
& \sigma^{-1}(R^{(1)}_2 h_3 U^{(1)}_2, \tilde{R}^{(1)} \tilde{r}^{(2)}_1 S(R^{(2)}_3 h_6 U^{(2)}_3 \tilde{R}^{(2)} \tilde{r}^{(2)}_2) \\
& S(\tilde{u}^{(1)}_1)) \sigma^{-1}(S(R^{(2)}_4 h_9 U^{(2)}_4), h_{10}) \\
& \stackrel{(iv)+(s)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, S(R^{(2)}_5 h_8 U^{(2)}_5 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_2)) \sigma(R^{(2)}_1 h_4 U^{(2)}_1, S(R^{(2)}_2 h_5 U^{(2)}_2)) \\
& [r^{(1)} R^{(1)}_1 h_2 U^{(1)}_1 u^{(1)} \tilde{r}^{(1)} S(R^{(2)}_4 h_7 U^{(2)}_4 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_1) S(\tilde{u}^{(1)}_2) \tilde{u}^{(2)}] \\
& \sigma^{-1}(r^{(2)} R^{(1)}_2 h_3 U^{(1)}_2 u^{(2)}, \\
& S(R^{(2)}_3 h_6 U^{(2)}_3) S(\tilde{u}^{(1)}_1)) \sigma^{-1}(S(R^{(2)}_6 h_9 U^{(2)}_4), h_{10}) \\
& \stackrel{(1')+(3')}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, S(r^{(2)}_5 R^{(2)}_6 h_8 U^{(2)}_6 u^{(2)} \tilde{r}^{(2)}_2)) \\
& \quad \sigma(r^{(2)}_1 R^{(2)}_2 h_4 U^{(2)}_2 u^{(2)}_1, S(r^{(2)}_2 R^{(2)}_3 h_5 U^{(2)}_3 u^{(2)}_2)) \\
& [R^{(1)}_1 h_2 U^{(1)}_1 \tilde{r}^{(1)} S(r^{(2)}_4 R^{(2)}_5 h_7 U^{(2)}_5 u^{(2)} \tilde{r}^{(2)}_1) S(\tilde{u}^{(1)}_2) \tilde{u}^{(2)}] \\
& \sigma^{-1}(r^{(1)} R^{(2)}_1 h_3 U^{(2)}_1 u^{(1)}, S(r^{(2)}_3 R^{(2)}_4 h_6 U^{(2)}_4 u^{(2)}_3) S(\tilde{u}^{(1)}_1)) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(S(r^{(2)}_6 R^{(2)}_7 h_9 U^{(2)}_7 u^{(2)}_6), h_{10}) \\
& \stackrel{(r)+(iv)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, S(R^{(2)}_6 h_8 U^{(2)}_6 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_2)) \sigma(R^{(2)}_2 h_4 U^{(2)}_2, S(R^{(2)}_3 h_5 U^{(2)}_3)) \\
& [R^{(1)}_1 h_2 U^{(1)}_1 \tilde{r}^{(1)} S(R^{(2)}_5 h_7 U^{(2)}_5 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_1) S(\tilde{u}^{(1)}_2) \tilde{u}^{(2)}] \\
& \sigma^{-1}(R^{(2)}_1 h_3 U^{(2)}_1, S(R^{(2)}_4 h_6 U^{(2)}_4) S(\tilde{u}^{(1)}_1)) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(S(R^{(2)}_7 h_9 U^{(2)}_7), h_{10}) \\
& \stackrel{(t)+(u)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, S(R^{(2)}_2 h_4 U^{(2)}_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_2 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_2)) \\
& [R^{(1)}_1 h_2 U^{(1)}_1 \tilde{r}^{(1)} S(R^{(2)}_1 h_3 U^{(2)}_1 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_1 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_1) S(u^{(1)}) u^{(2)}] \\
& \sigma^{-1}(S(R^{(2)}_3 h_5 U^{(2)}_3 \tilde{u}^{(2)}), h_6) \\
& \stackrel{(3')+(u)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, S(R^{(2)}_2 h_4 \tilde{u}^{(2)}_2 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_2)) [R^{(1)}_1 h_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_1 \tilde{r}^{(1)} S(R^{(2)}_1 h_3 \\
& \tilde{u}^{(2)}_1 \tilde{r}^{(2)}_1) S(u^{(1)}) u^{(2)}] \sigma^{-1}(S(h_5) S(R^{(2)}_3), h_6) \\
& \stackrel{(u)+(1')}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, S(h_2) S(\tilde{R}^{(2)})) [R^{(1)}_1 \tilde{R}^{(1)}_1 S(R^{(2)}_2 \tilde{R}^{(1)}_2) S(u^{(1)}) u^{(2)}]
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sigma^{-1}(S(h_3), h_4) \\
& \stackrel{(u)+([1, Thm 1.6])}{=} \sum \epsilon(h) [R^{(1)} r^{(1)}_1 U^{(1)}_1 S(u^{(1)} R^{(2)} r^{(1)}_2 U^{(1)}_2) u^{(2)} r^{(2)} U^{(2)}] \\
& \sigma^{-1}(S(h_3), h_4) \\
& \stackrel{(1')+(2')}{=} \sum \epsilon(h)
\end{aligned}$$

Similarly, we can prove that $(S^{\sigma-R} \star I)(h) = \epsilon(h)$. $\square$

Corollary 1.6 ([1, Theorem 1.6]). *Let A be σ -Hopf algebra. Then A^σ is a Hopf algebra.*

PROOF: Take $R = 1 \otimes 1$ in Theorem 1.5. Then A is $\sigma - R$ compatible Hopf algebra. This completes the proof. $\square$

Corollary 1.7. *Let H be R -Hopf algebra. Then A^R is a Hopf algebra.*

PROOF: Take σ be trivial in Theorem 1.5. Then H is $\sigma - R$ compatible Hopf algebra. This completes the proof. $\square$

2. Braided structure over $H^{\sigma-R}$

The main purpose of this section is to generalize [1, Theorem 1.6(c)].

Theorem 2.1. *Let H be an $\sigma - R$ -compatible Hopf algebra, and (H, τ) a braided Hopf algebra. Then $H^{\sigma-R}$ is a braided Hopf algebra with braided structure as follows: For all $h, l \in H$*

$$\begin{aligned}
\tilde{\sigma}(h, l) = & \sum \sigma(R^{(1)}(r^{(1)}_1 h_1 u^{(1)}_1) U^{(1)}, \tilde{R}^{(1)}(\tilde{r}^{(1)}_1 l_1 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_1) \tilde{U}^{(1)}) \\
& \tau(\tilde{R}^{(2)}(r^{(1)}_2 l_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_2) \tilde{U}^{(2)}, R^{(2)}(r^{(1)}_2 h_2 u^{(1)}_2) U^{(2)}) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{r}^{(2)} l_3 \tilde{u}^{(2)}, r^{(2)} h_3 u^{(2)})
\end{aligned}$$

PROOF: Firstly, the above braided structure of $\tilde{\sigma}(h, l)$ will be simplified as following:

$$\begin{aligned}
\tilde{\sigma}(h, l) & \stackrel{(i)}{=} \sum \sigma((r^{(1)}_1 h_1 u^{(1)}_1) U^{(1)}, (\tilde{r}^{(1)}_1 l_1 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_1) \tilde{U}^{(1)}) \\
& \tau((\tilde{r}^{(1)}_2 l_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_2) \tilde{U}^{(2)}, (r^{(1)}_2 h_2 u^{(1)}_2) U^{(2)}) \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{r}^{(2)} l_3 \tilde{u}^{(2)}, r^{(2)} h_3 u^{(2)}) \\
& \stackrel{(d)}{=} \sum \sigma(r^{(1)}_1 h_1 u^{(1)}_1, \tilde{r}^{(1)}_1 l_1 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_1) \tau(\tilde{r}^{(1)}_2 l_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_2, r^{(1)}_2 h_2 u^{(1)}_2) \\
& \sigma^{-1}(\tilde{r}^{(2)} l_3 \tilde{u}^{(2)}, r^{(2)} h_3 u^{(2)}) \\
& \stackrel{(iv)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1 u^{(1)}_1, l_1 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_1) \tau(l_2 \tilde{u}^{(1)}_2, h_2 u^{(1)}_2) \sigma^{-1}(l_3 \tilde{u}^{(2)}, h_3 u^{(2)}) \\
& \stackrel{(s)}{=} \sum \sigma(h_1, l_1) \tau(l_2, h_2) \sigma^{-1}(l_3, h_3)
\end{aligned}$$

Secondly, $\tilde{\sigma}$ satisfies conditions in [1, Definition 1.1] by straightforward computations. $\square$

Remark. This theorem shows that R does not affect the braided structure $\tilde{\sigma}$.

Corollary 2.2. *Let H be a R -Hopf algebra, and (H, τ) a braided Hopf algebra. Then $(H^{\sigma(\tau)}, \tilde{\sigma})$ is a braided Hopf algebra with braiding:*

$$\tilde{\sigma}(x, y) = \sum \sigma(x_1, y_1) \tau(y_2, x_2) \sigma^{-1}(y_3, x_3)$$

PROOF: Let R be trivial in Theorem 2.1. This completes the proof. $\square$

Corollary 2.3 ([1, Theorem 1.6(c)]). *Let H be a commutative σ -Hopf algebra. Then $(H^{\sigma}, \tilde{\sigma})$ is a braided Hopf algebra with braiding:*

$$\tilde{\sigma}(x, y) = \sum \sigma(y_1, x_1) \sigma^{-1}(x_2, y_2)$$

PROOF: Let τ be trivial in Theorem 2.2. This completes the proof. $\square$

Dually, we have the following result:

Theorem 2.4. *Let H be an $\sigma - R$ -compatible Hopf algebra, and (H, F) a quasitriangular Hopf algebra. Then $H^{\sigma-R}$ is a quasitriangular Hopf algebra with the following quasitriangular structure:*

$$\tilde{R} = \sum U^{(2)} F^{(1)} R^{(1)} \otimes U^{(1)} F^{(2)} R^{(2)}.$$

3. Classification of $H^{\sigma-R}$ and examples

Let $u \in \text{Hom}_k(k, H)$ be convolution invertible with $\epsilon u = \epsilon$, and suppose that H is not only a R -Hopf algebra but also a F -Hopf algebra satisfying:

$$(1) \quad \sum F^{(1)} \otimes F^{(2)} = \sum (u^{-1} \otimes u^{-1})(R^{(1)} \otimes R^{(2)}) \Delta u.$$

This equivalent to

$$\sum G^{(1)} \otimes G^{(2)} = \sum \Delta u^{-1}(U^{(1)} \otimes U^{(2)})(u \otimes u)$$

where G is the inverse of F ($G = \sum G^{(1)} \otimes G^{(2)}$). Now we have

Theorem 3.1. *Let $H^{\sigma-R}$ and $H^{\sigma-F}$ be two Hopf algebras satisfying condition (1). Then $H^{\sigma-R} \cong H^{\sigma-F}$ (as coalgebra).*

PROOF: Define $\psi : H^{\sigma-R} \rightarrow H^{\sigma-F}$ by $h \rightarrow u^{-1} h u$ and $\varphi : H^{\sigma-F} \rightarrow H^{\sigma-R}$ by $l \rightarrow u l u^{-1}$. We can prove the claim by direct computations. $\square$

Dually, Let $u \in H^*$ with a convolution inverse u^{-1} and $u(1) = 1$, and suppose that H is not only an σ -Hopf algebra but also a τ -Hopf algebra satisfying:

$$(2) \quad \tau(h, l) = \sum u^{-1}(l_1) \otimes u^{-1}(h_1) \sigma(h_2, l_2) u(h_3, l_3).$$

Then we have the following theorem.

Theorem 3.2. Let $H^{\sigma-R}$ and $H^{\tau-R}$ be two Hopf algebras satisfying condition (1). Then $H^{\sigma-R} \cong H^{\tau-R}$ (as algebra).

PROOF: Define the maps $\psi : H^{\sigma-R} \longrightarrow H^{\tau-R}$ by $h \rightarrow u(h_1)h_2$ and $\varphi : H^{\tau-R} \longrightarrow H^{\sigma-R}$ by $l \rightarrow u^{-1}(l_1)l_2$. We can prove the claim by direct computations.

□

Example 1. Let H_4 be the Sweedler's 4-dimensional Hopf algebra ([6]). Define $\sigma : H_4 \otimes H_4 \longrightarrow k$ as follows:

$$\begin{array}{cccc} 1 & x & y & z \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ x & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ y & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ z & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$$

and let $R = \frac{1}{2}(1 \otimes 1 + 1 \otimes x + x \otimes 1 - x \otimes x) \in H \otimes H$. It is easy to prove that H_4 is a $\sigma - R$ compatible Hopf algebra.

Example 2. Let $B \bowtie_{\tau} H$ be the Doi-Takeuchi's Hopf algebra, and $B \otimes_R H$ a Hopf algebra. Let $R = R^{(1)} \otimes R^{(2)} \in B \otimes H$ satisfy $\tau(R^{(1)}cr^{(1)}, h)R^{(2)} \otimes r^{(2)} = \tau(c, h)1 \otimes 1 = \tau(c, R^{(2)}hr^{(2)})R^{(1)} \otimes r^{(1)}$. Then $B \otimes H$ is a $[\tau] - Q$ compatible Hopf algebra, where $[\tau](b \otimes g, c \otimes h) = \epsilon(b)\epsilon(h)\tau(c, g)$ for all $b, c \in B, g, h \in H$ and $Q = \sum 1 \otimes R^{(2)} \otimes R^{(1)} \otimes 1$.

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